## VIDYA BHAWAN BALIKA VIDYA PITH

## शक्तिउत्थानआश्रमलखीसरायबिहार

Class :-12(Maths) Date:- 11..05.2021

Following substitutions are used to write inverse trigonometric functions in simplest form:

S.No.	Expression	Substitute
1.	$\sqrt{a^2-x^2}$	$x = a \sin \theta$ or $x = a \cos \theta$
2.	$\sqrt{a^2 + x^2}$	$x = a \tan \theta$ or $x = a \cot \theta$
3.	$\sqrt{x^2-a^2}$	$x = a \sec \theta$ or $x = a \csc \theta$
4.	$\sqrt{a+x}$ or $\sqrt{a-x}$	$x = a \cos \theta$ or $x = a \cos 2\theta$
5.	$\sqrt{1+x^2} \pm \sqrt{1-x^2}, \sqrt{\frac{1+x^2}{1-x^2}}, \sqrt{\frac{1-x^2}{1+x^2}}$	$x^2 = \cos^2 \theta$
6.	$\sqrt{a^2 + x^2} \pm \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}, \sqrt{\frac{a^2 + x^2}{a^2 - x^2}}, \sqrt{\frac{a^2 - x^2}{a^2 + x^2}}$	$x^2 = a^2 \cos 2\theta$
7.	$\sqrt{1+x} \pm \sqrt{1-x}, \sqrt{\frac{1-x}{1+x}}, \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{1-x}}$	$x = \cos 2\theta$
8.	$\sqrt{a+x} \pm \sqrt{a-x}, \sqrt{\frac{a+x}{a-x}}, \sqrt{\frac{a-x}{a+x}}$	$x = a \cos 2\theta$

## **Remember Points**

- (i) Sometimes, it may happen, that some of the values of x that we find out does not satisfy the given equation.
- (ii) While solving an equation, do not cancel the common factors from both sides.